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**DATE:** October 5, 2005

**TO:** Examiner Carrillo Sharidan  
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**FAX:** 571-273-8300

**FROM:** Joseph Kincart  
Johnson & Johnson  
One Johnson & Johnson Plaza  
New Brunswick, NJ 08933-7003

**PHONE:** (904-443- 3731 )  
**FAX #:** (904-443- 3078 )

**Re:** US Serial No. 10/692088  
Our Reference: VTN5003 USA NP

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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/692,088	10/23/2003	Joe M. Wood	VTN-5003-USA-NP	8320
27777	7590	04/05/2005		
PHILIP S. JOHNSON JOHNSON & JOHNSON ONE JOHNSON & JOHNSON PLAZA NEW BRUNSWICK, NJ 08933-7003			EXAMINER	
			CARULLO, BIRJ SH. HJIDAN	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			1746	

DATE MAILED 04/05/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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APR 07 2005

J&amp;J PAT. DKT. SECTION

**Office Action Summary**

Application No.

10/692,088

Applicant(s)

WOOD ET AL

Examiner

Carrillo Sharidan

Art Unit

1746

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --  
 Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

**Status**

- 1) ☒ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 23 October 2003.
- 2a) ☐ This action is FINAL. 2b) ☒ This action is non-final.
- 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

**Disposition of Claims**

- 4) ☒ Claim(s) 1-19 is/are pending in the application.
- 4a) Of the above claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ is/are withdrawn from consideration.
- 5) ☐ Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ is/are allowed.
- 6) ☒ Claim(s) 1-19 is/are rejected.
- 7) ☐ Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ is/are objected to.
- 8) ☐ Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

**Application Papers**

- 9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
- 10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on \_\_\_\_\_ is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.  
 Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).  
 Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
- 11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

**Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119**

- 12) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
- a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some \* c) ☐ None of:
1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
2. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. \_\_\_\_\_.
3. ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this Nation. Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).

\* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

**Attachment(s)**

- 1) ☒ Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)
- 2) ☒ Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)
- 3) ☒ Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB-08)  
 Paper No(s)/Mail Date 06072004 10222003
- 4) ☐ Interview Summary (PTO-413)  
 Paper No(s)/Mail Date: \_\_\_\_\_
- 5) ☐ Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)
- 6) ☐ Other: \_\_\_\_\_

U.S. Patent and Trademark Office  
 PTOL-326 (Rev. 1-04)

Office Action Summary

Part of Paper No./Mail Date 03282005

Application/Control Number: 10/692,088  
Art Unit: 1746

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## DETAILED ACTION

### *Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112*

1. The following is a quotation of the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall contain a written description of the invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same and shall set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor of carrying out his invention.

2. Claims 1-19 rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, because the specification, while being enabling for saline solutions, organic solvents, deionized water, buffered aqueous solutions, does not reasonably provide enablement for any first and second liquid. The specification does not enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and/or use the invention commensurate in scope with these claims.

The claims embrace an invention which contains any known first and second liquid, which could/can be selected from literally thousands. It does not appear to be feasible that any liquid would function for cleaning contact lens. Further, for one skilled in the art to reproduce the present invention (which must be possible, if the specification is adequate), there would clearly be undue experimentation to do so to determine which liquids work and which ones do not for cleaning of contact lenses.

### *Specification*

3. The use of the trademark Etafilcon A has been noted in this application. It should be capitalized wherever it appears and be accompanied by the generic terminology.

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Although the use of trademarks is permissible in patent applications, the proprietary nature of the marks should be respected and every effort made to prevent their use in any manner which might adversely affect their validity as trademarks

***Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112***

4. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

5. Claims 1-19 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

Claim 1 is indefinite because it is unclear what is considered as a functional size. Additionally, the preamble recites a method of removing excess material, however the claim fails to recite a positive step of removing excess material. Claims 4-5 are indefinite because it is unclear how the first liquid can have a greater ionic strength than the second liquid if both the first and the second liquid are the same solution (i.e. buffered aqueous solution). Claim 6 is indefinite because "salt solution" lacks positive antecedent basis. Claim 19 is indefinite because of the trademark Etafilcon A. Claims 18-19 are indefinite because it is unclear what is meant by "HEMA".

***Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102***

6. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless –

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

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7. Claims 1-7, 9, 11-13, and 18 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by O'Driscoll et al. (3829329).

(v.i.s.)  
O'Driscoll teaches a method of cleaning contact lenses. In reference to claim 1, O'Driscoll teaches swelling the contact lens with a 0.9% NaCl solution followed by shrinking with hydrogen peroxide (col. 9, lines 53-58). In reference to claims 2-7, refer to Fig. 3. In reference to claim 9, refer to col. 10, lines 24-33. In reference to claim 11, refer to col. 1, lines 30-33. In reference to claim 12, Fig. 3 teaches osmotic swelling for 4 hours. In reference to claim 13, Fig. 3 teaches 200F, which is equivalent to 93°C. In reference to claim 18, refer to col. 5, lines 5-7, 60-63.

8. Claims 1-3, 7, and 9-16 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Ayyagari et al. (WO01/45868A1).

Ayyagari teaches a method of pulsed extraction of residual materials from contact lenses. Ayyagari teaches varying the concentration of the primary solvent and a co-solvent. As the amount of co-solvent increases, the lens swell. As the amount of co-solvent reduces, the lens shrink. Ayyagari teaches pulsed extraction cycle in which the co-solvent (IPA) begins at a lower first amount and then is increased to a second higher amount (swelling with 20%IPA) and then is returned to the lower first amount (shrinking with 5%IPA). During each pulse, the lens goes through one cycle of expansion and shrinkage. Claims 2-3 are inherently met as a result of increasing the concentration of IPA during the swelling step. The limitations of claim 7 are inherently met since Ayyagari teaches using an aqueous solution of IPA. In reference to claim 9, Table 1 shows varying degrees of expansion as a result of varying concentrations of IPA. In

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reference to claim 10, the limitations are inherently met since Ayyagari teaches expanding the lens to 79% (Table 1). In reference to claim 11, refer to Table 1. In reference to claim 12, refer to page 9, Fig. 3. In reference to claim 13, refer to page 8. In reference to claim 14, refer to page 11. In reference to claims 15-16, the limitations are inherently met since Ayyagari teaches that diluents need to be extracted from the contact lens and further teaches extracting in a series of steps using supercritical fluid in combination with IPA. It is the combination of all of the extraction steps which result in the removal of diluents from the lens. Therefore, the limitations are inherently met by Ayyagari.

***Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103***

9. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described in the set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negated by the manner in which the invention was made.

10. The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham v. John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:

1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
4. Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.

11. This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of

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the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

12. Claims 8 and 10 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over O'Driscoll et al. (3829329).

O'Driscoll fails to teach the difference in ionic strength. However, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art to modify the method of O'Driscoll to include a difference in ionic strength in order to cause the swelling and shrinking of the contact lens. O'Driscoll fails to teach expanding the core diameter by at least about 1mm. However, it would have been within the level of the skilled artisan to modify the method to include increasing the diameter to 1mm since O'Driscoll teaches that the core diameter expands to 35% and the thickness expands to 23%.

13. Claims 8 and 17 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Ayyagari et al. (WO01/45868A1).

Ayyagari fails to teach the difference in the ionic strength. However, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art to modify the method of Ayyagari to include a difference in ionic strength in order to cause the swelling and shrinking of the contact lens. In reference to claim 17, Ayyagari fails to teach contact lens which are tinted. However, it would have been within the level of the skilled artisan



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to include tinted lenses since Ayyagari teaches that any type of lens can be used for the extraction process.

14. Claims 18-19 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Ayyagari et al. (WO01/45868A1) in view of Qui et al. (2004/018295).

Ayyagari fails to teach the limitations of claims 18-19. Qui et al. teaches swelling and shrinking of contact lens (paragraphs 196-197). In paragraph 102, Qui teaches it is conventional in the art to manufacture biomedical devices (such as contact lenses) with materials made of Elastofilcon. It would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art to modify the method of Ayyagari to include Elastofilcon, as taught by Qui, which are used conventionally in the manufacture of contact lenses.

15. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. Witchterle teaches a method of manufacturing contact lenses. Ayyagari et al. teach the pulse extraction of ocular medical devices. Winterton et al. teach modifying a surface. Qui et al. teach a process of surface modification of substrates.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Sharidan Carrillo whose telephone number is 571-272-1297. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday, 6:00a.m-2:30p.m.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Michael Barr can be reached on 571-272-1414. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

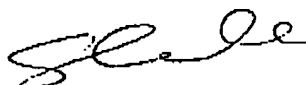
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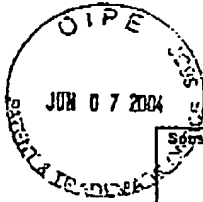
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Sharidan Carrillo  
Primary Examiner  
Art Unit 1746

bsc



SHARIDAN CARRILLO  
PRIMARY EXAMINER



Substitute for form 1449/PTO

# INFORMATION DISCLOSURE STATEMENT BY APPLICANT

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Sheet 1 of 1

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Application Number	10/592,088
Filing Date	October 23, 2003
First Named Inventor	Joe M. Wood et al.
Group Art Unit	1746
Examiner Name	CARRILLO
Attorney Docket Number	VTN-2003

## U.S. PATENT DOCUMENTS

[illegible]

## FOREIGN PATENT DOCUMENTS

[illegible]

Examiner Signature	<i>L. G. G. G.</i>	Date Considered	3/25/66
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EXAMINER: Initial if reference considered, whether or not citation is in conformance with MPEP 609. Draw line through citation if not in conformance and not considered. Include a copy of this form with next communication to applicant.

\* Unique citation designation number. † See attached Kinds of U.S. Patent Documents. ‡ Enter Office that issued the document, by the two-letter code (WIPO Standard ST.3). § For Japanese patent documents, the indication of the year of the reign of the Emperor must precede the serial number of the patent document. ¶ Kind of document by the appropriate symbols as indicated on the document under WIPO Standard ST. 18 if possible. \*\* Applicant to place a check mark here if English language Translation is attached.

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# INFORMATION DISCLOSURE STATEMENT BY APPLICANT

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Sheet 1 of 2

Application Number Not Yet Assigned 10/692088  
Filing Date October 23, 2003  
First Named Inventor Wood et al  
Group Art Unit Not Yet Assigned 1346  
Examiner Name Not Yet Assigned Cale, D  
Attorney Docket Number VTN-5003-UE-A-NP

## U.S. PATENT DOCUMENTS

Examiner Initials	Cite No. <sup>1</sup>	U.S. Patent Document		Name of Patentee or Applicant of Cited Document	Date of Publication of Cited Document mm-dd-yyyy	Pages, Col. (s), Lines, where relevant passages or relevant figures appear
		Number	Kind Code <sup>2</sup> (if known)			
H		4,208,362		Deichert et al	08-17-1980	
		4,834,449		Jenkins	01-06-1987	
		4,888,240		Lognook	05-26-1987	
		4,733,939		Choussan et al	03-29-1988	
		4,781,069		Truong et al	08-2-1988	
		4,777,684		Johnson	10-18-1988	
		4,811,682		Sterman	3-14-1989	
		4,865,439		Neefe	8-12-1989	
		4,883,440		Neefe	9-12-1989	
		4,903,052		Neefe	2-20-1990	
		4,963,159		Nardury et al	10-18-1990	
		4,978,481		Jamson et al	12-18-1990	
		5,080,839		Kirch-Larsen	1-14-1992	
		5,151,106		Bhaumik et al	9-29-1992	
		5,271,874		Osipo et al	12-21-1993	
		5,271,875		Appleton et al	12-21-1993	
		5,451,237		Vehige	9-19-1993	
		5,466,147		Appleton et al	11-14-1993	
		5,561,870		Edie et al	10-8-1996	
		5,640,980		Keane et al	8-24-1997	
		5,649,410		Martin et al	7-22-1997	
		5,690,866		Anderson et al	11-25-1997	
		5,706,834		Edwards et al	1-13-1998	
		5,708,049		Katagiri et al	1-13-1998	
		5,746,838		Huth	5-5-1998	
		5,762,081		Keane et al	8-8-1998	
		5,824,719		Kunzler et al	10-20-1998	

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<sup>1</sup> Unique citation designation number. <sup>2</sup> See attached kinds of U.S. Patent Documents. <sup>3</sup> Enter Office that issued the document, by the two-letter code (WIPO Standard ST.3). <sup>4</sup> For Japanese patent documents, the indication of the year of the reign of the Emperor must precede the serial number of the patent document. <sup>5</sup> Kind of document by the appropriate symbols as indicated on the document under WIPO Standard ST. 18 if possible. <sup>6</sup> Applicant is to place a check mark here if English language Translation is attached.

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S. Cello 3/25/05

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**Sheet 2 of 2**

Application Number	Not Yet Assigned	10/
Filing Date	October 23, 2003	
First Named Inventor	Wood et al	
Group Art Unit	Not Yet Assigned	1746
Examiner Name	Not Yet Assigned	06/21
Attorney Docket Number	VTN-5003-USA-NP	

## U.S. PATENT DOCUMENTS

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<b>Notice of References Cited</b>	Application/Control No. 10/692,088	Applicant(s)/Patent Under Reexamination WOOD ET AL.	
	Examiner Carrillo Sharidan	Art Unit 1746	Page 1 of 1

## U.S. PATENT DOCUMENTS

*		Document Number Country Code-Number-Kind Code	Date MM-YYYY	Name	Classification
	A	US-3,496,254	02-1970	WICHTERLE OTTO	264/2.1
	B	US-3,699,089	10-1972		526/328.5
	C	US-3,829,329	08-1974		134/26
	D	US-6,514,438	02-2003	Ayyagari et al.	264/2.6
	E	US-6,719,929	04-2004	Winterton et al.	264/1.7
	F	US-6,852,353	02-2005	Qiu et al.	427/2.24
	G	US-2004/0018295	01-2004	Qiu et al.	427/2.1
	H	US-			
	I	US-			
	J	US-			
	K	US-			
	L	US-			
	M	US-			

## FOREIGN PATENT DOCUMENTS

*		Document Number Country Code-Number-Kind Code	Date MM-YYYY	Country	Name	Classification
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	O					
	P					
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	S					
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## NON-PATENT DOCUMENTS

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